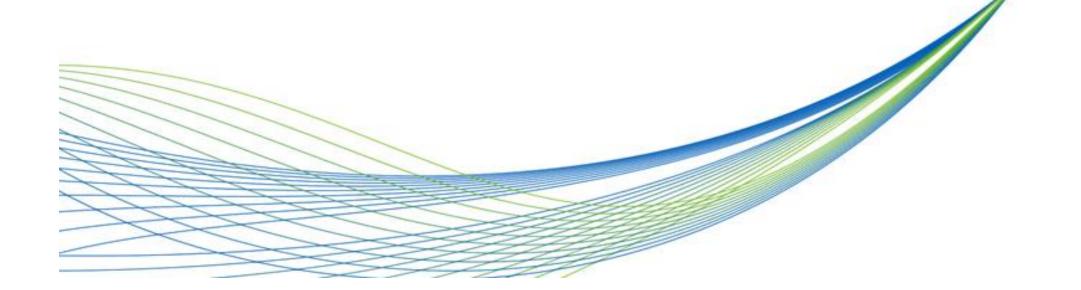




# **NHS RightCare Frailty Preview**

Frimley Health

April 2018

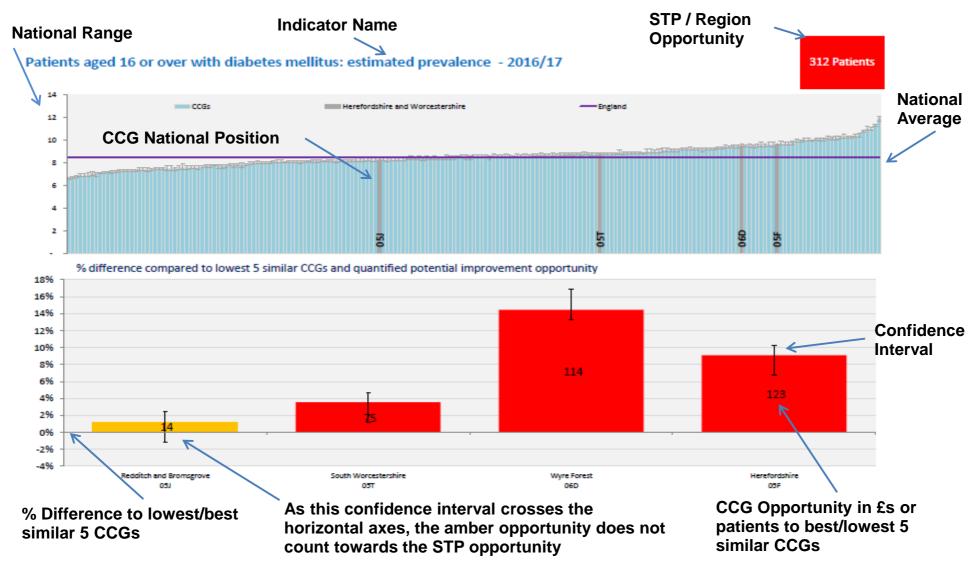


### Introduction

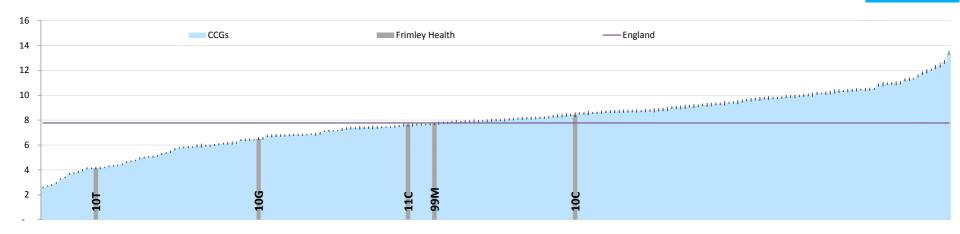
NHS RightCare is developing a focus pack for frailty and is currently going through an engagement process to agree the structure and indicator list to be used. The indicator list is expected to include both existing indicators (used in other NHS RightCare packs) and new indicators.

This Frailty Preview presents charts for a selection of relevant indicators .

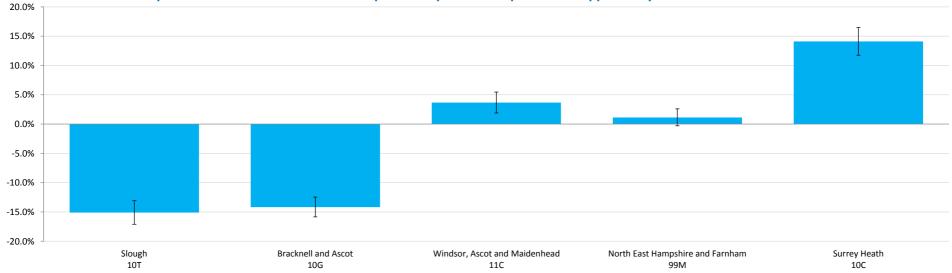
## Interpreting the charts



#### Percentage of GP registered population aged 75+ - April 2017

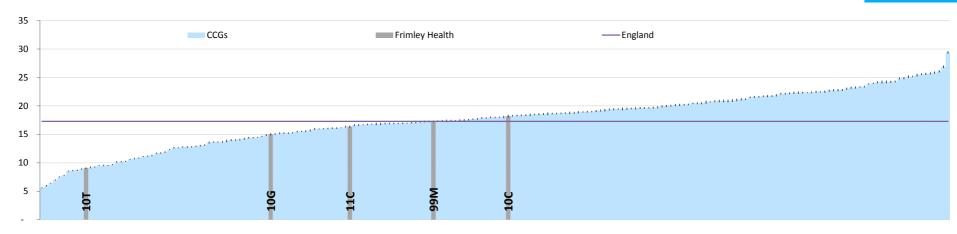




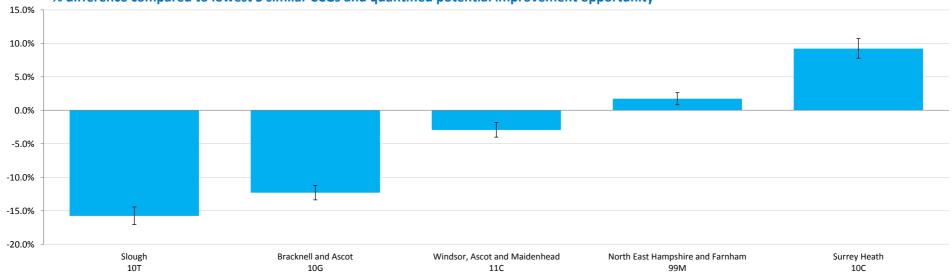


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital

#### Percentage of GP registered population aged 65+ - April 2017

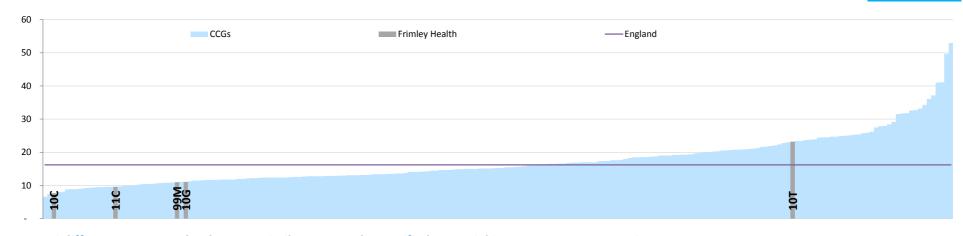




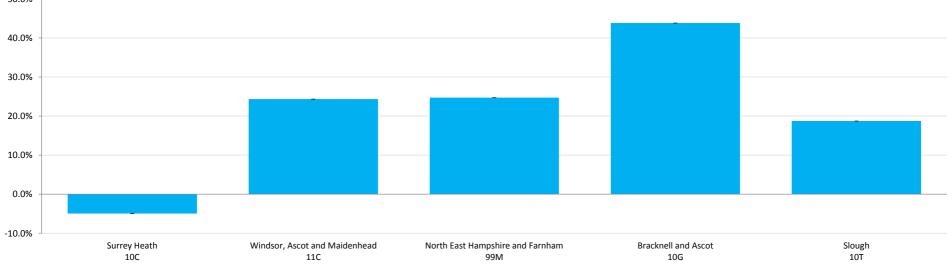


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital

### Proportion of older people (aged 60+) living in income deprived households - 2015

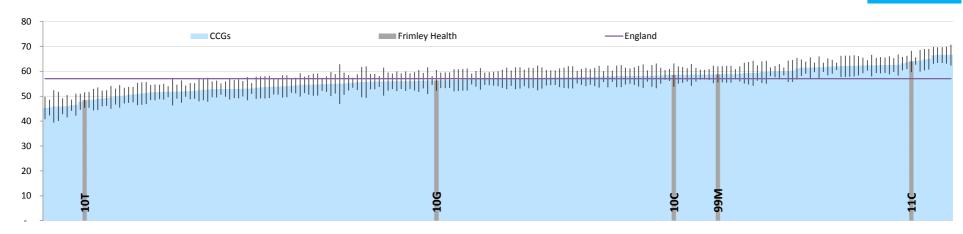




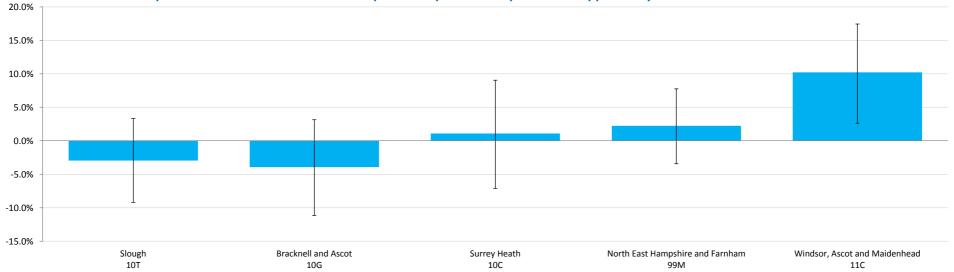


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: English indices of deprivation 2015

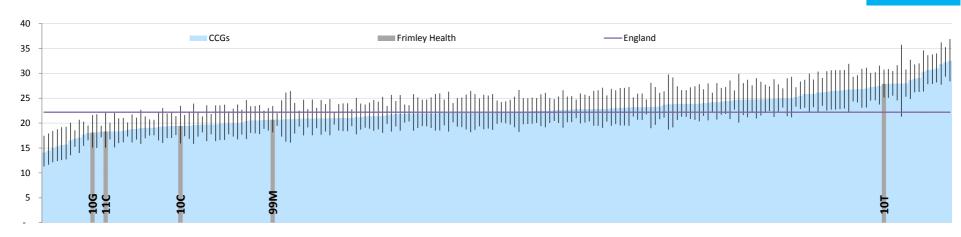
#### Proportion of the adult population (aged 16+) meeting the recommended '5-a-day' on a 'usual day' - 2015/16



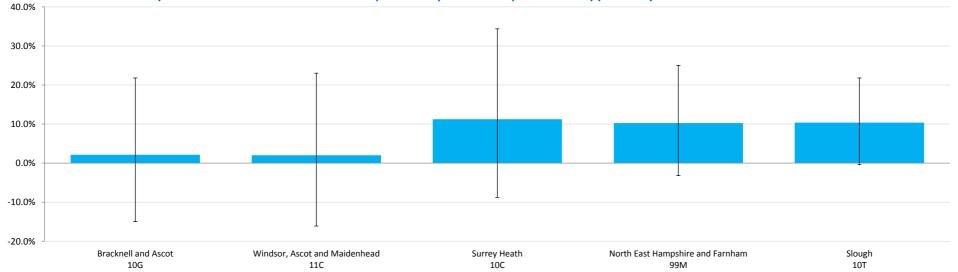
#### % difference compared to lowest 5 similar CCGs and quantified potential improvement opportunity



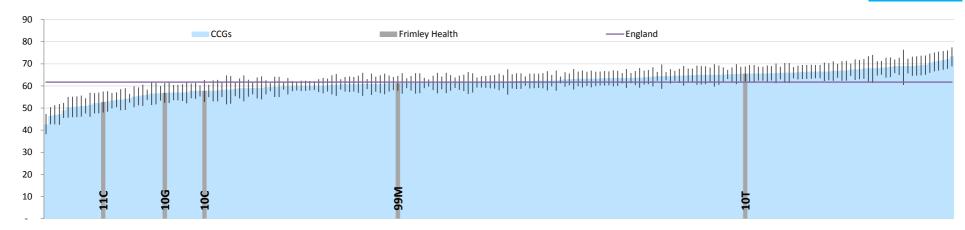
# Percentage of adults (aged 19+) that are physically inactive (<30 moderate intensity equivalent minutes per week) - 2015/16



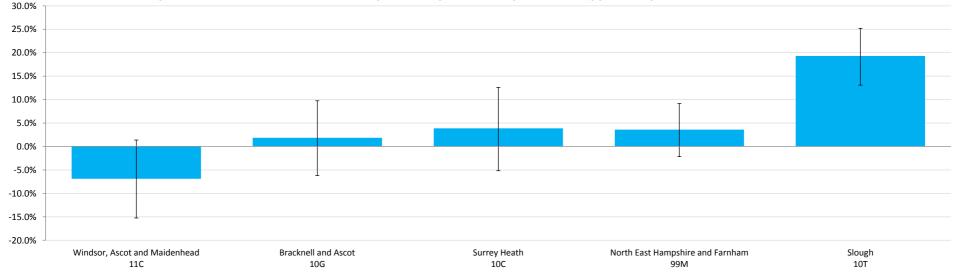




#### Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese - 2015/16

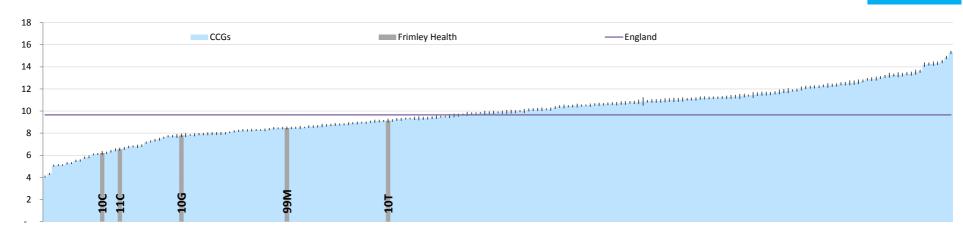


#### % difference compared to lowest 5 similar CCGs and quantified potential improvement opportunity

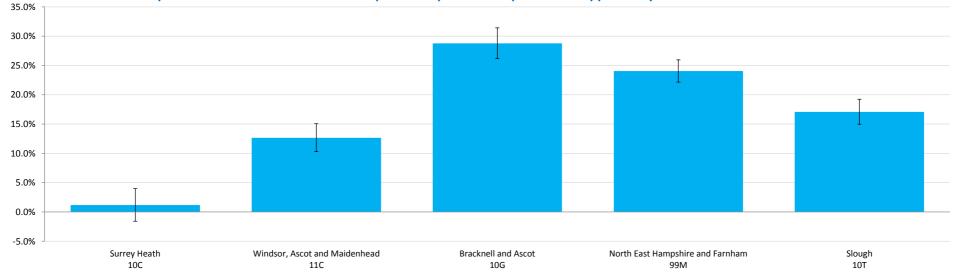


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: Public Health England (PHE), Fingertips, Sport England, Active Lives Survey

#### Percentage of people registered in a GP practice aged 18+ on clinical register for obesity - 2016/17

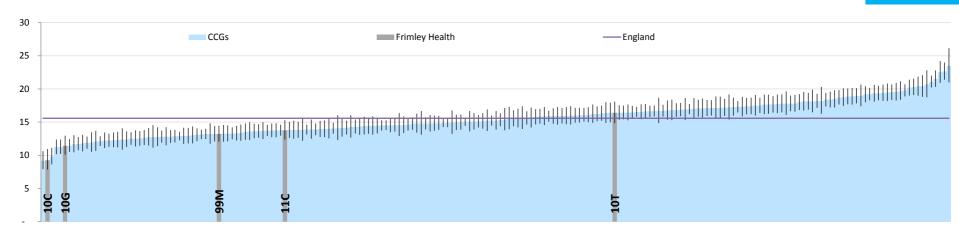


#### % difference compared to lowest 5 similar CCGs and quantified potential improvement opportunity

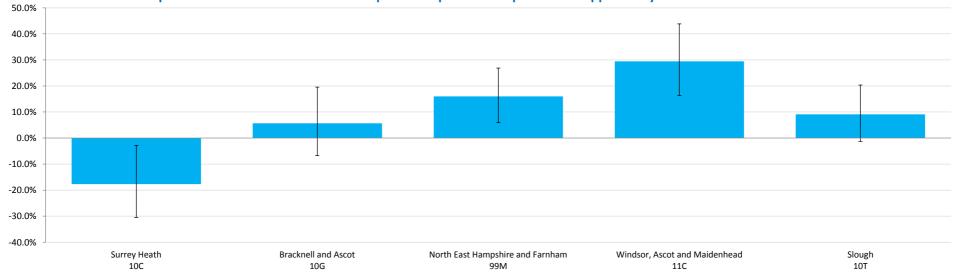


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital, Quality and Outcomes Framework (QOF)

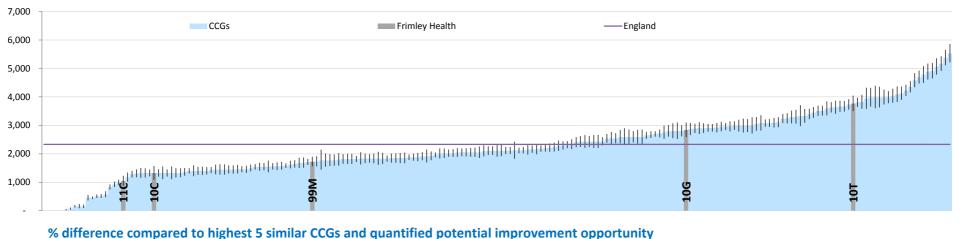
#### Percentage of people aged 18+ who are self-reported occasional or regular smokers - Jan-March 2017

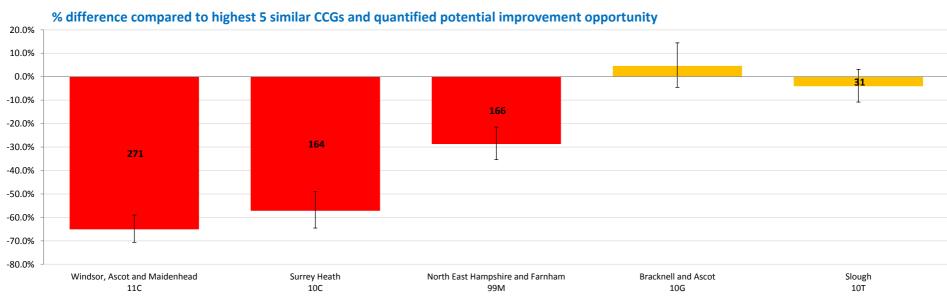


#### % difference compared to lowest 5 similar CCGs and quantified potential improvement opportunity



STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: General Practice Patient Survey (GPPS)

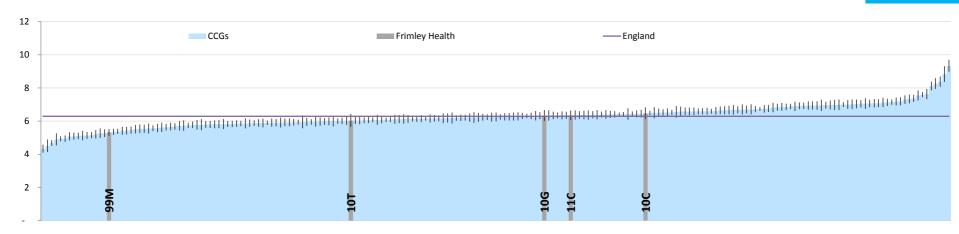




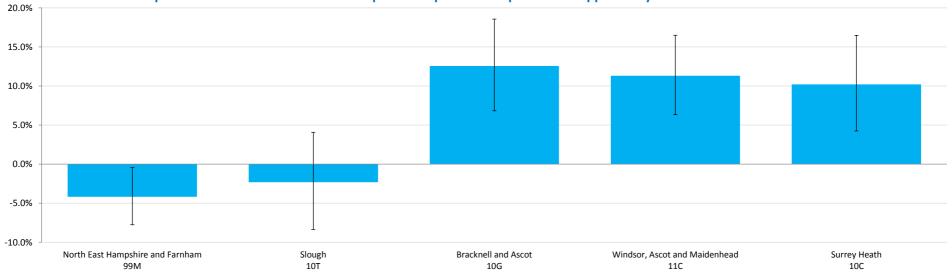
STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities

Source: Risk Factors Intelligence Team, Public Health England (PHE), NHS Digital, Annual Population Survey, Office for National Statistics (ONS)

#### Dementia: Estimated prevalence (%) for 65+ - February 2018

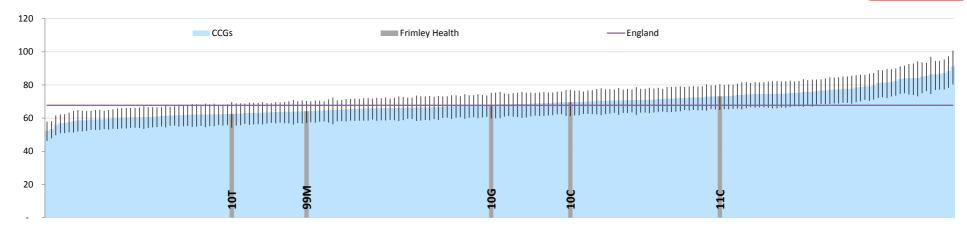




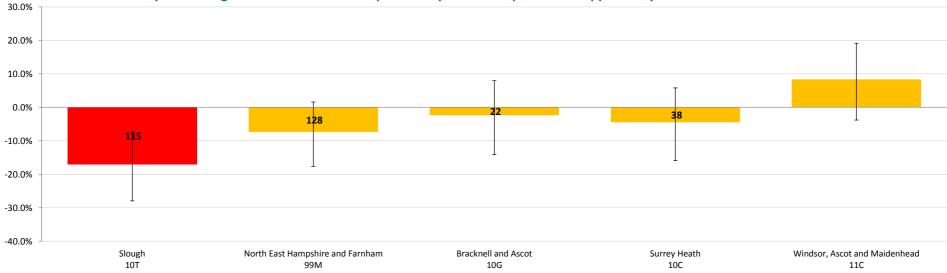


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital, Recorded Dementia Diagnoses

#### Dementia: Diagnosis rate (%) for 65+ - February 2018

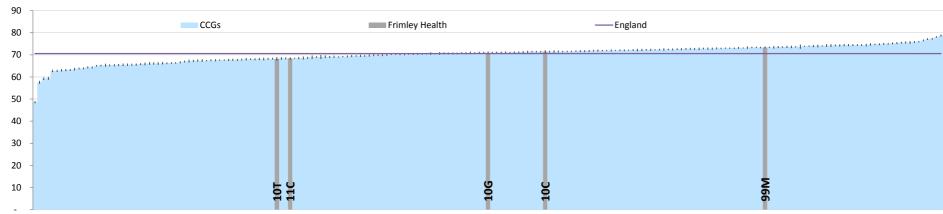


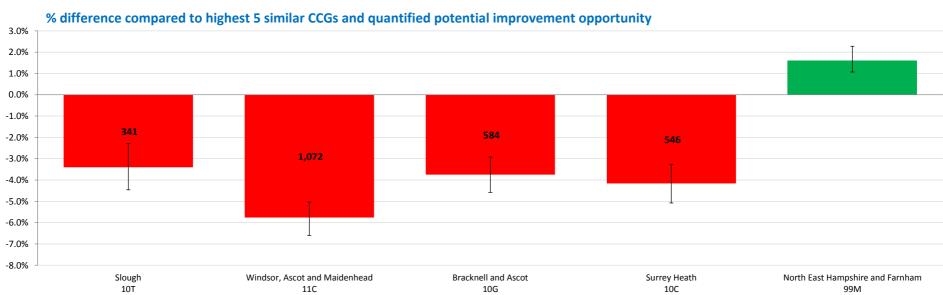




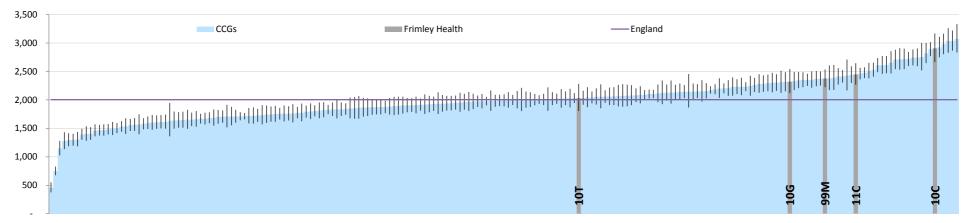
STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital, Recorded Dementia Diagnoses

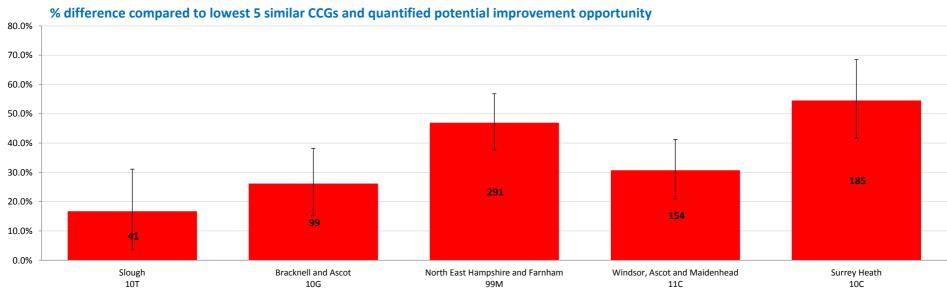
#### Percentage of seasonal influenza vaccine uptake amongst GP patients aged 65+ - 1 Sep 2016 - 31 Jan 2017



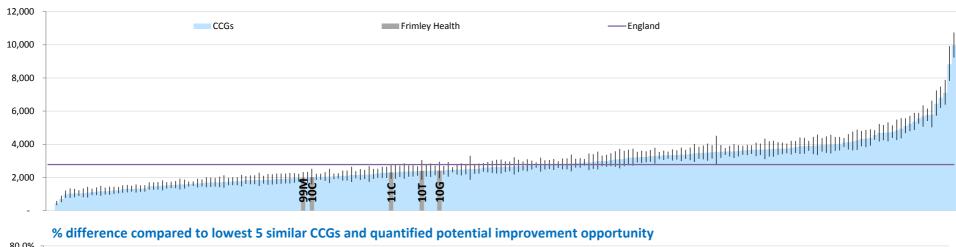


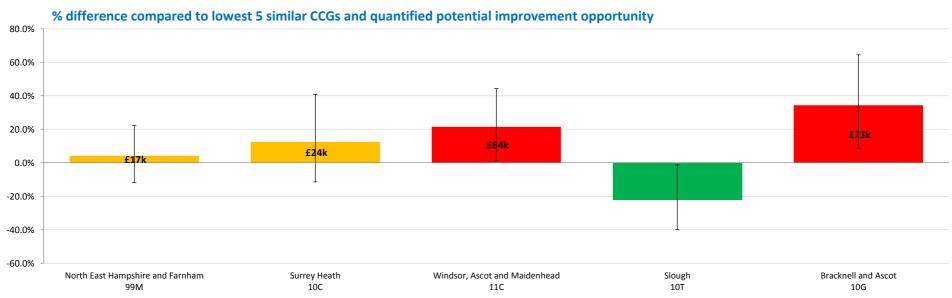
STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: Public Health England (PHE), Influenza Immunisation Vaccine Uptake Monitoring Programme





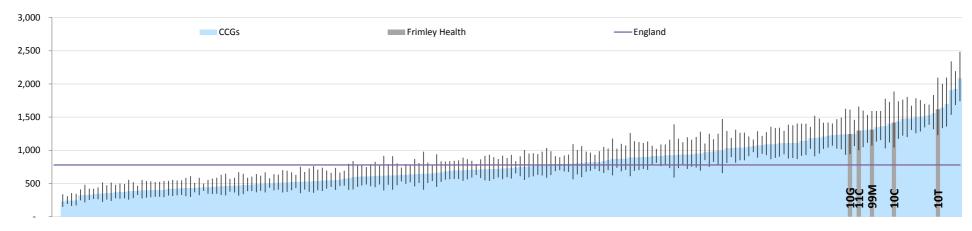
# Tendency to fall, not elsewhere classified (R296): Spend on non-elective admissions per 1,000 age-sex weighted population - 2016/17



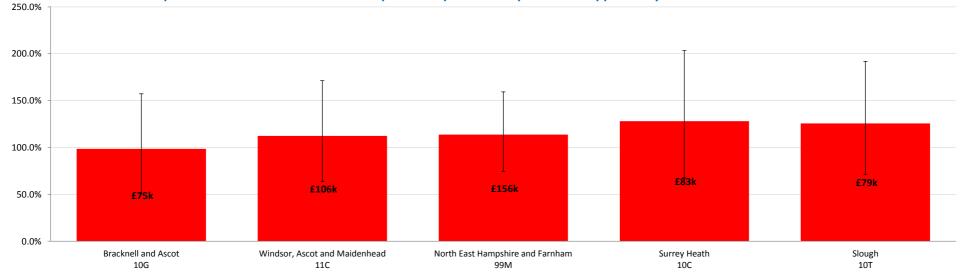


# Disorientation, unspecified (R410): Spend on non-elective admissions per 1,000 age-sex weighted population - 2016/17



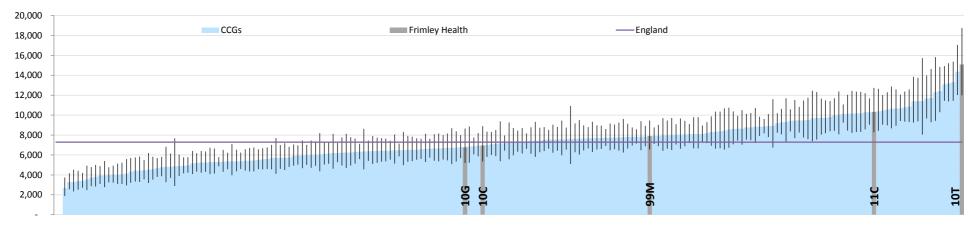


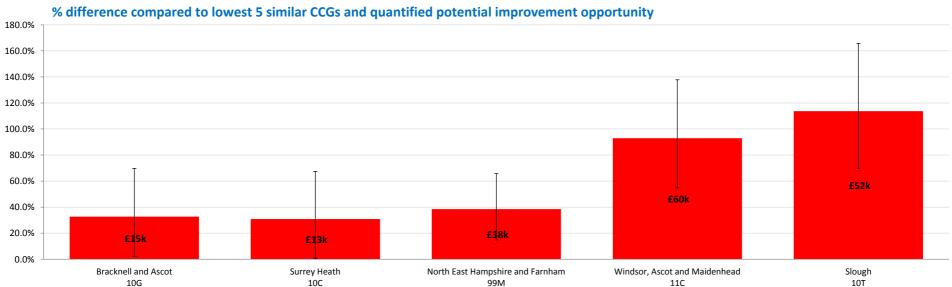




£179k

### Syncope and collapse (R55X): Spend on non-elective admissions for people aged 75+ per 1,000 age-sex weighted **population - 2016/17**

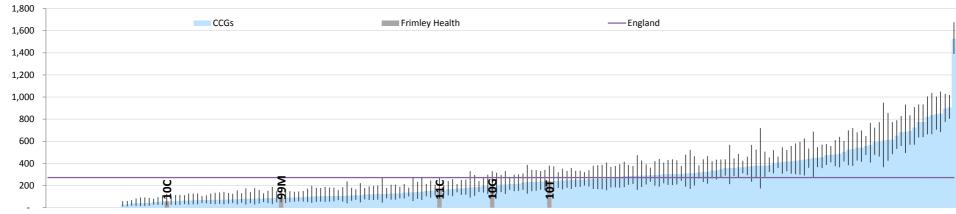


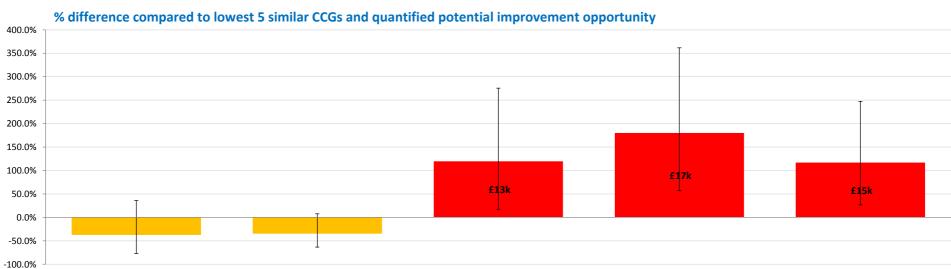


#### Influenza: Spend on non-elective admissions per 1,000 age-sex weighted population - 2016/17

North East Hampshire and Farnham

99M





Windsor, Ascot and Maidenhead

11C

Bracknell and Ascot

10G

STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: National Commissioning Data Repository - Secondary Uses Service (SUS Plus)

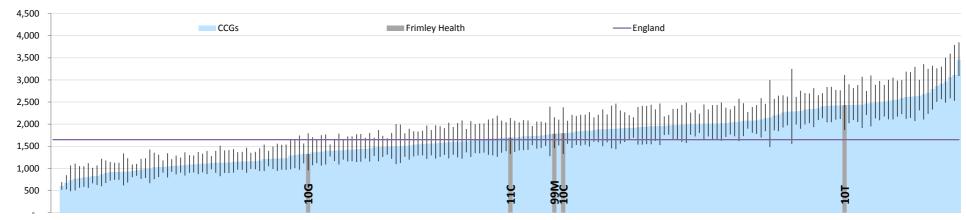
Surrey Heath

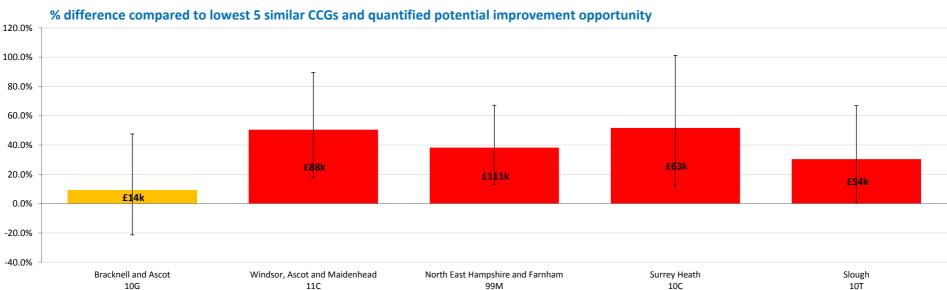
10C

Slough

10T

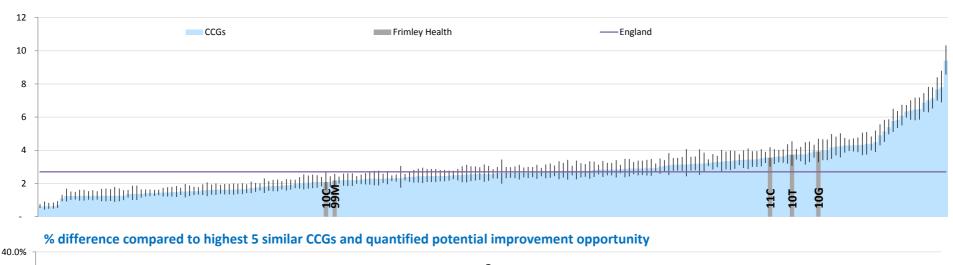
#### Aspiration pneumonia: Spend on non-elective admissions per 1,000 age-sex weighted population - 2016/17



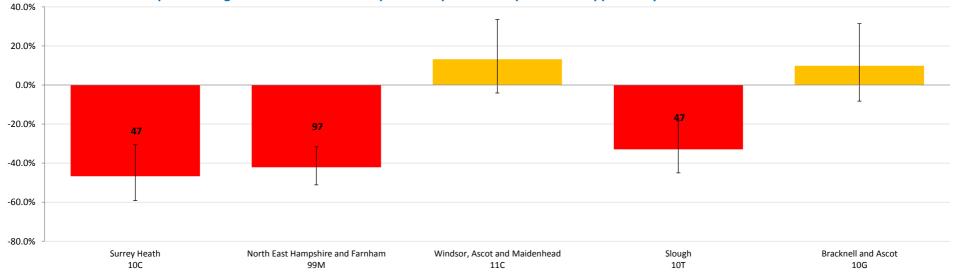


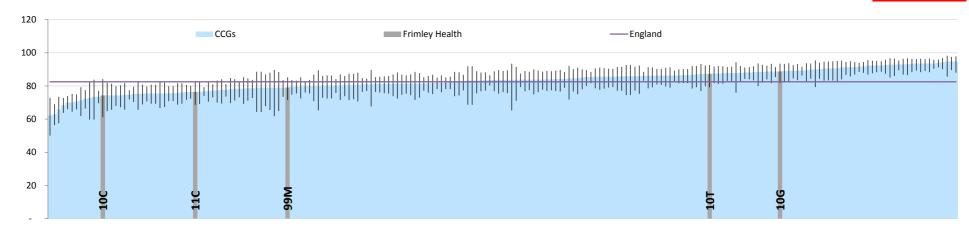
### Proportion of older people (aged 65+) offered rehabilitation following discharge from acute or community hospital -2016/17

190 Pats.

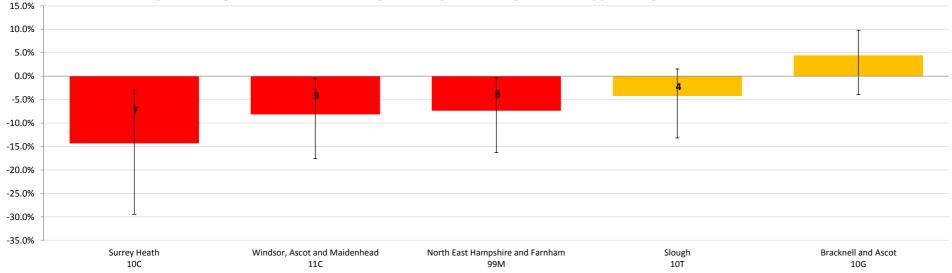








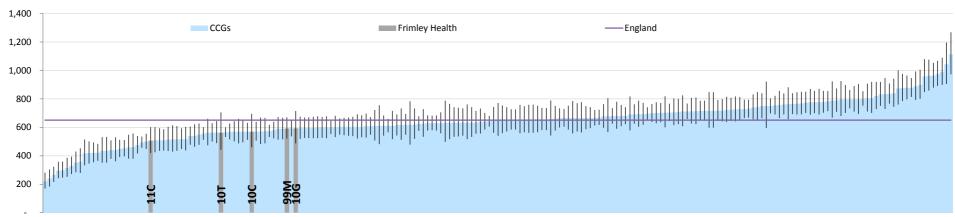


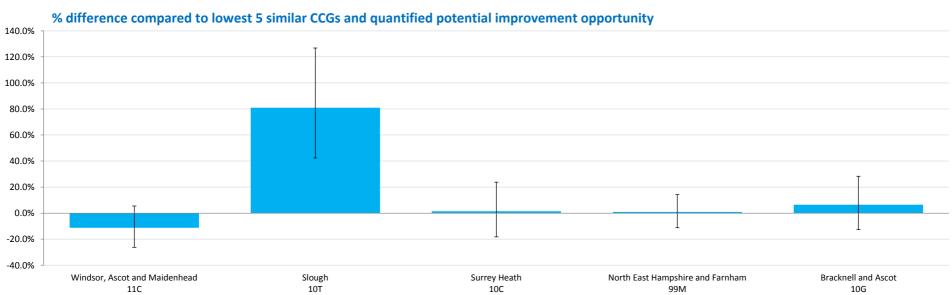


STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: NHS Digital

**Frimley Health** 

### Permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population aged 65+ - 2013/14





STP Opportunity calculated by summing the CCGs with statistically significant opportunities Source: Public Health England (PHE), Fingertips, Adult Social Care Profile