





Thames Valley Strategic Clinical Network

Delivering Person-Centred Care through Care and Support Planning

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NHS England and NHS Improvement



Strategic Context: Policy Drivers & Alignment

Education drivers:

- GMC response to future doctors' review and Shape of Training report.
- Developing General Practice Today
- HEE mandate
- RCGP

Third sector support:

- Diabetes UK
- British Heart Foundation
- National Voices
- Macmillan

Patient Centred Co-ordinated Care

NHSE policy drivers:

- Thinktank Perspective:
 - Kings Fund
 - Coalition for Collaborative Care (C4CC)

- No Decision about Me without Me DH 2012
- Better Care Fund
- 5 Year Forward View NHSE 2014
- Long Term Plan NHSE 2019
- Universal Personalised
 Care model NHSE 2019

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Long term conditions: how is it really going?





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Question 1:

What proportion of the population have one or more long term conditions?

- a) 20%
- b) 30%
- c) 40%
- d) 50%



Question 1:

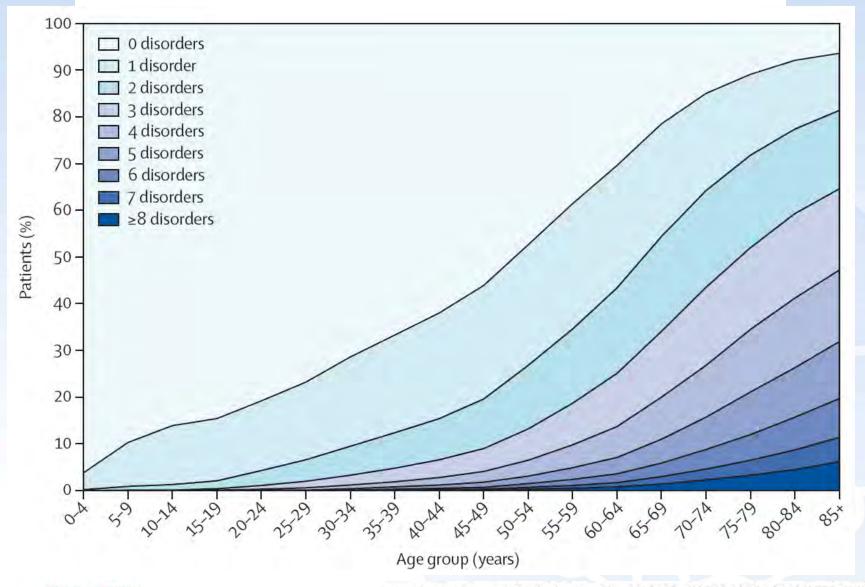
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Epidemiology of multimorbidity and implications for health care, research, and medical education: a cross-sectional study

Karen Barnett, Stewart W Mercer, Michael Norbury, Graham Watt, Sally Wyke, Bruce Guthrie



Question 2:

People with LTCs account for what proportion of GP appointments?

- a) 35%
- b) 45%
- c) 55%
- d) 65%



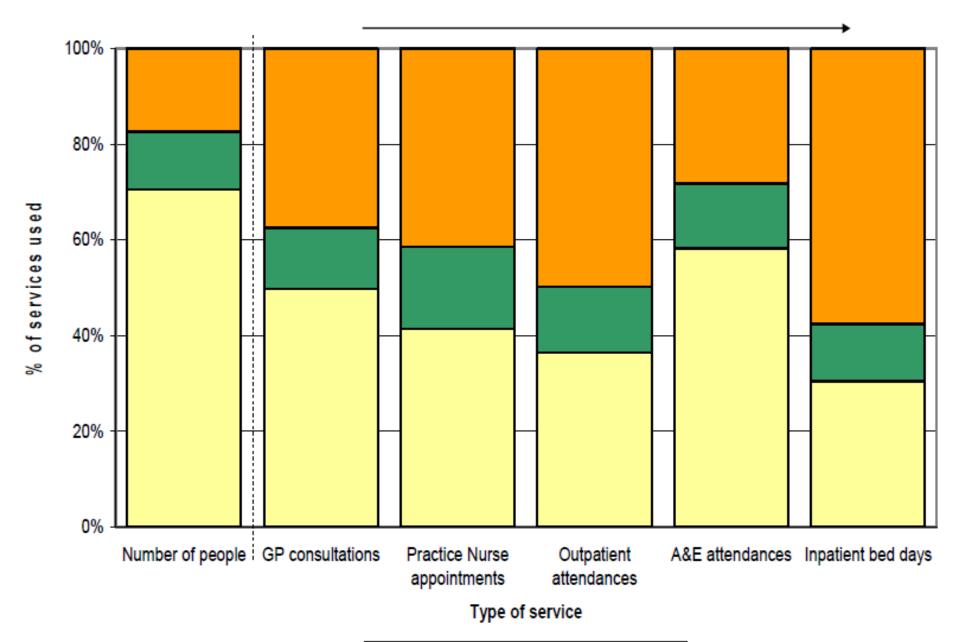
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People with limiting LTCs continue to be the most intensive users of the most expensive services



Source: 2009 General Lifestyle Survey.

■No LTC ■Non-limiting LTC ■Limiting LTC

Question 3:

What proportion of the spend in health and social care is on people with LTCs?

- a) 40%
- b) 50%
- c) 60%
- d) 70%



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Soaring cost of long-term care threatens to 'overwhelm' NHS

70% of budget goes to conditions such as heart disease and diabetes

Denis Campbell Health correspondent

The soaring number of people with longterm medical conditions such as diabetes and dementia is threatening to "overwhelm" the NHS, one of the health service's most senior figures warns today.

The challenges posed by patients with chronic medical conditions are so great that they represent the "healthcare equivalent to climate change" and must force the NHS to undertake a major rethink of how it cares for such patients, Dr Martin McShane says in an interview with the Guardian.

Looking after the 15.4 million people in England with at least one long-term condition already takes up 70% of the NHS's £110bn budget - £77bn - as well as £10.9bn of the £15.5bn spent on social care in England, he says. The costs are so huge that the NHS could become unsustainable unless it gives those with long-term conditions better care, with much of it provided

by GPs performing enhanced roles rather than hospital doctors, says McShane, NHS England's national director for people with long-term conditions.

McShane is responsible for those ongoing illnesses or diseases that see patients become regular users of NHS services, through check-ups, tests and operations. They include arthritis, heart disease, breathing problems, obesity and mental health conditions such as depression. Their numbers have risen dramatically in recent years, largely as a result of the age-

ing population and lifestyle factors such as smoking, drinking and overeating.

"I would say it's the healthcare equivalent to climate change. It is putting pressure into the system, which, unless we change the way we address the problems, will overwhelm the system," says McShane.

"This is the biggest problem facing the health system and the care system and the costs are growing year on year. They

Continued on page 2 >>



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Question 4:

What percentage of clinicians feel they involve patients in decisions about their healthcare?

- a) 30%
- b) 50%
- c) 65%
- d) 85%



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- a) 30%
- b) 50%
- c) 65%
- d) 85%



Question 5:

What percentage of patients report feeling involved in decisions about their healthcare?

- a) 30%
- b) 50%
- c) 65%
- d) 85%



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- a) 30%
- b) 50%
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- d) 85%



Question 6:

What proportion of people feel confident that they can manage their health?

- a) 40%
- b) 50%
- c) 60%
- d) 70%



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Question 7:

Which of these has the greatest impact on health?

- a) Smoking
- b) Social isolation
- c) Education levels
- d) Mental health



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- c) Education levels
- d) Mental health

They all have a huge impact on health!



Question 8:

What proportion of people take their treatments as prescribed?

- a) 35%
- b) 50%
- c) 65%
- d) 80%



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DARTS Study group – only 35% of people on more than one medication for diabetes cashed in sufficient prescriptions for full daily coverage.



Question 9:

What proportion of their time do most people with LTCs spend with healthcare professionals?

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a) 0.1%
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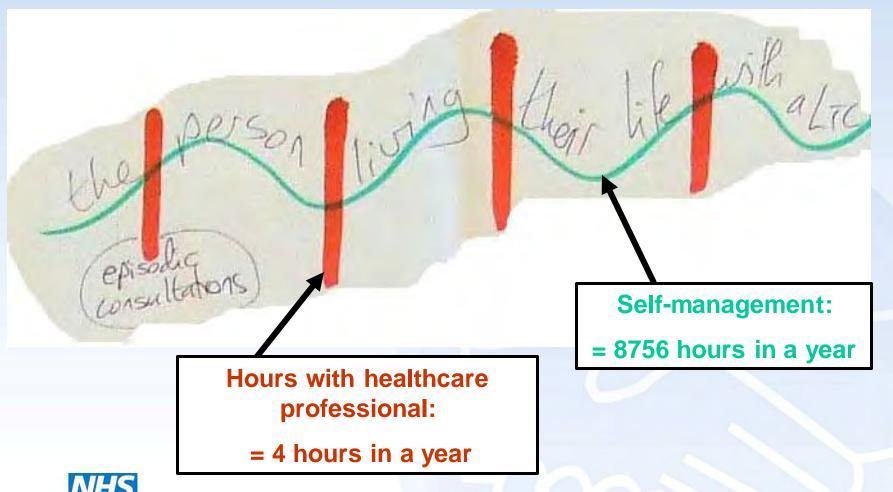
Question 9:

What proportion of their time do most people with LTCs spend with healthcare professionals?

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a) 0.1%
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Long term conditions are different





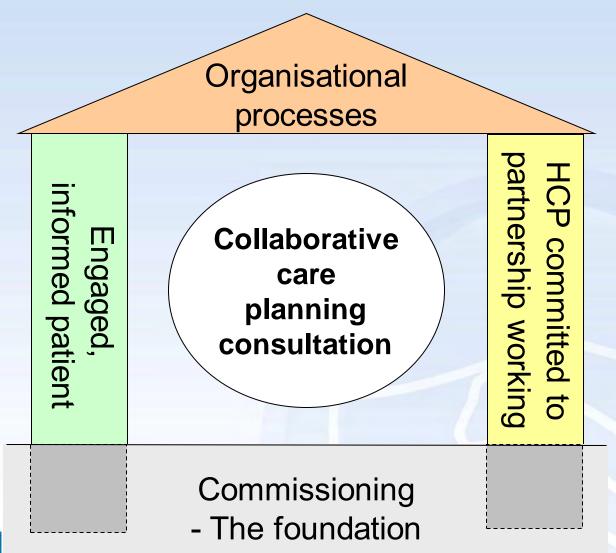
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Person Centred Care Planning across Thames Valley:

The Year of Care Approach



House of Care Model:



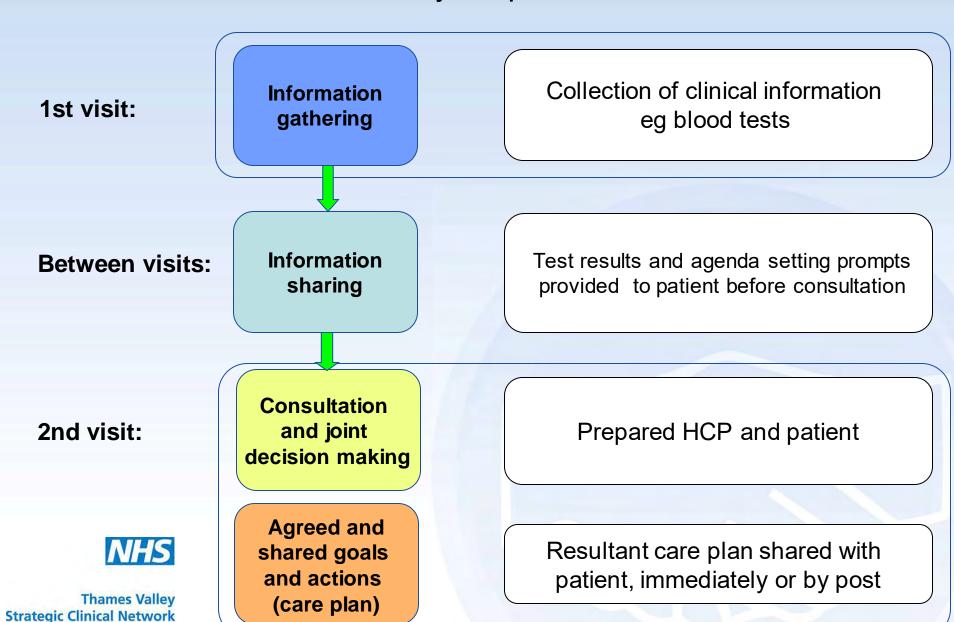


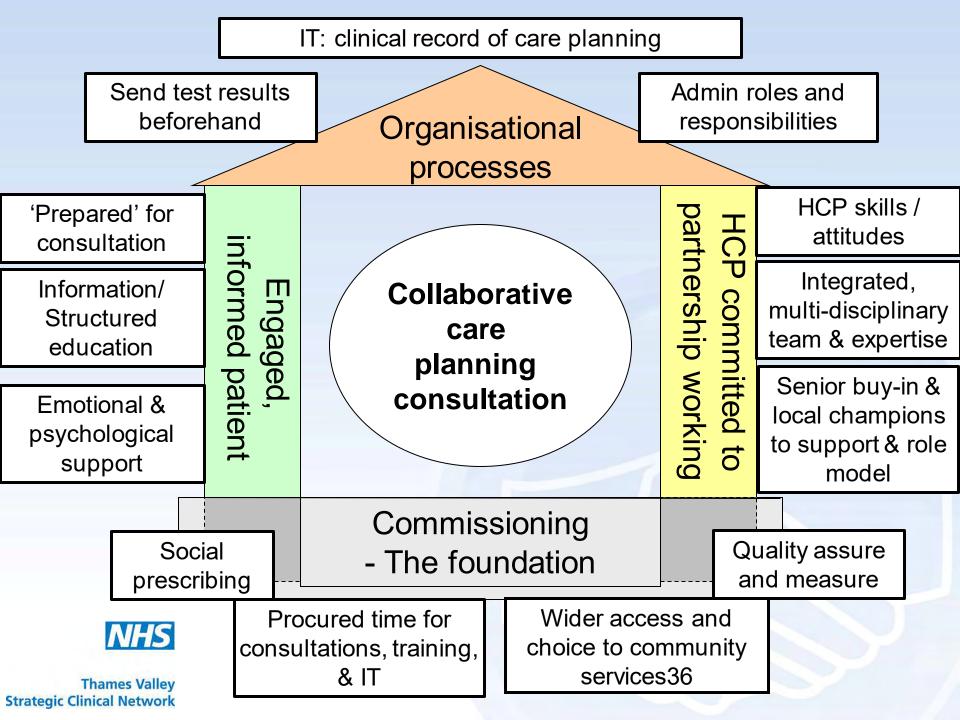
Video- Care Planning in Action





Four Key Steps:





Cochrane review of care planning:



- Improved confidence and skills to manage own health (self efficacy)
- Worked best when:
 - All the steps of care planning in place
 - More intensive support from well supported health care professionals
 - Integrated in routine care

Coulter A, Entwistle VA, Eccles A, Ryan S, Shepperd S, Perera R. Personalised care planning for adults with

chronic or long-term health conditions. *Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews* 2015, Thames Valley Issue 3. Art. No.: CD010523. DOI: 10.1002/14651858.CD010523.pub2.

Impact: The evidence



In 19 trials involving 10,856 participants, care planning has led to:

- Better physical health (blood glucose, blood pressure)
- Better emotional health (depression)

10.1002/14651858.CD010523.pub2

 Better capabilities for self-management (selfefficacy)



Impact: Healthcare System

Small shifts in self-care impact on demand for professional care:

- 5% increase in self-care = 25% reduction in demand
- 10% reduction in self-care = 50% increase in demand



Impact: Thames Valley

Total number of GP practices trained: 194

Oxfordshire: 100% practices trained. Facilitator in post Consultation skills workshops >90% community healthcare staff working with LTCs trained

Berkshire West: >90% of practices trained. Facilitator in post. 8 workshops for wider practice team,

Total number of HCPs trained: 456

Buckinghamshire: 94% of practices trained.
Facilitator in post
Consultation skills workshops

TV wide: project commenced to support the adoption of the YOC approach for dementia reviews.

Berkshire East: 94% of practices trained.

NHS

TV pilot project on group based education based on CSP for people with hypertension

North East Hants: training commenced April 2019

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Impact: Local Health Care Professional Experience

"The care planning process has resulted in me changing my consultation style; it has brought me back to the way we consulted pre-QOF. By putting the patient at the centre I have found the consultation is far more pleasurable and the evidence indicates far better outcomes. So its a win-win all round"

Stephen Murphy GP at Stokenchurch Medical Centre and Clinical Commissioning Director Chiltern CCG

"Care planning has made me look at patients differently. I focus less on the disease and take a more holistic perspective"

Practice Nurse, BW



Impact: Local Patient Experience

"I love this new way of knowing my results before the Clinic, I now feel as though we are working together"

"I now feel that I am included in my care of my diabetes and make a contribution to the discussions about my care to improve my results"

"To be actively involved in my diabetes care is motivational"

Tilehurst Surgery, Reading



Video: Service User Feedback

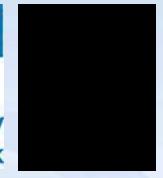


TV SCN:

LTC Programme supporting adoption of "Person Centre Care"

Further information from-Email: julia.coles1@nhs.net











Thank you!

May 2019

